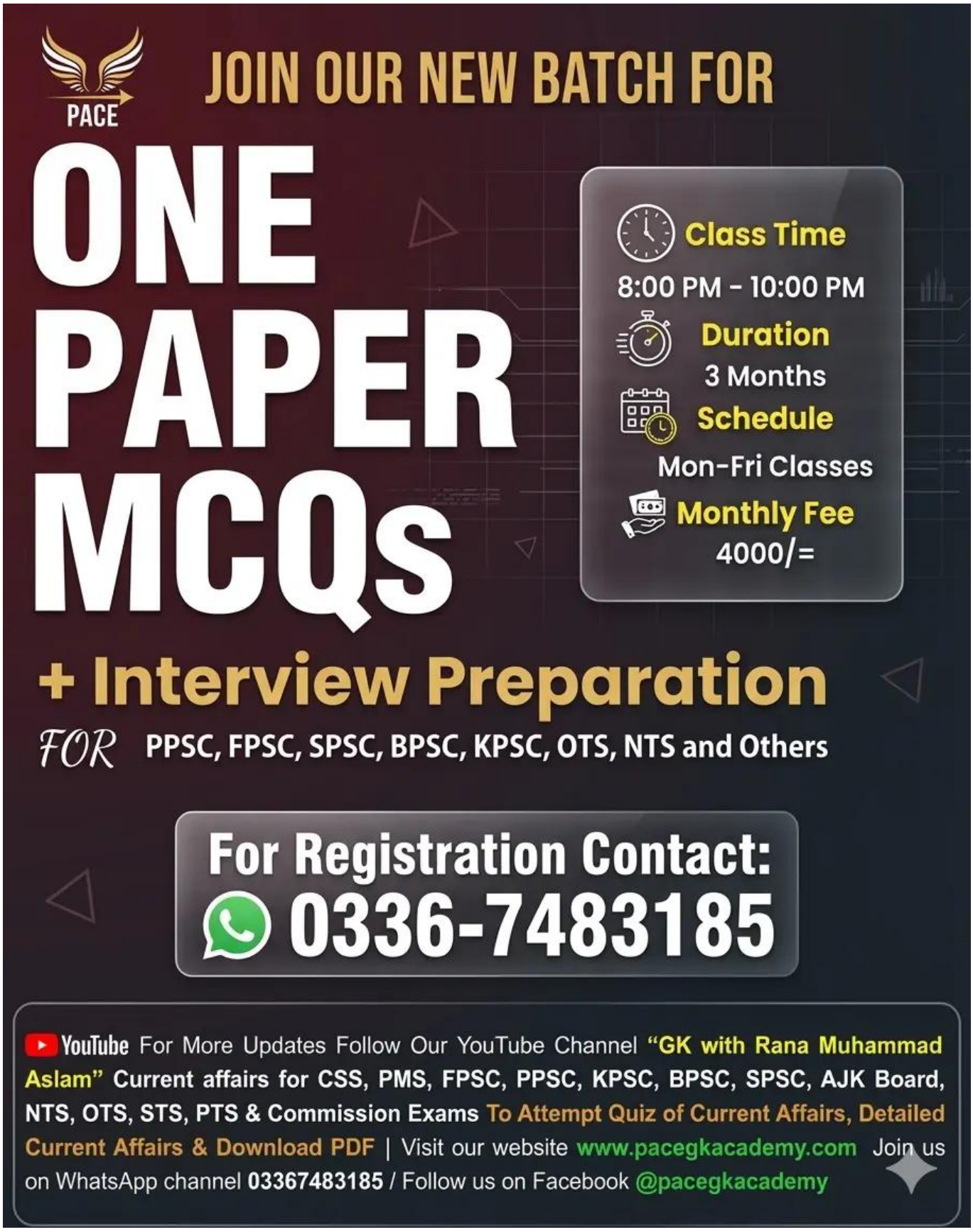
Assistant Registrar

(Punjab Cooperatives)



Assistant Registrar

Q.1: Mast Tawkli was prominent poet of:
A. **Balochi**
B. Pushto
C. Sindhi
D. Barohi

Q.2: On July 9, 1950, Pakistan became the member of;
A. **IMF**
B. World Bank
C. Paris Club
D. None of these

Q.3: The duration of National Anthem of Pakistan is;
A. 60 Seconds
B. **80 Seconds**
C. 100 Seconds
D. 120 Seconds

Q.4: The largest desert of the Pakistan is;
A. **Thar**
B. Thal
C. Cholistan
D. Kharan

Q.5: The Oldest Barrage on Indus river is
A. Gudo Barrage
B. **Sukker Barrage**
C. Ghulam Muhammad Barrage
D. Taunsa Barrage

Q.6: قرآن پاک تقریباً کتنے حصوں میں نازل ہوا؟
A. سال 18
B. 21
C. **سال 23**
D. سال 25

Q.7: Pakistan Joined World Trade Organization (WTO)
A. 1994
B. **1995**
C. 1997
D. 2000

Q.8: قرآن پاک کی پہلی وحی کی آیات کس سورۃ میں ہیں؟
A. سورۃ الفاتحہ
B. **سورۃ علق**
C. سورۃ مدثر
D. سورۃ مزمل

Q.9: The first princely State to accede to Pakistan after partition was :
A. Swat
B. Hunza
C. **Bahawalpur**
D. Kalat

Q.10: قرآن پاک میں انبیاء کرام علیہم السلام کے نام پر کتنی سورتیں ہیں؟
A. 4
B. 5
C. **6**
D. 7

Q.11: غزوہ تبوک کس سن ہجری میں ہوا؟
A. **ہجری 6**
B. ہجری 7
C. ہجری 8
D. ہجری 9

Q.12: Quiad-e-Azam served All India Muslim League as a President for;
A. **15 years**
B. 22 years
C. 28 years
D. 31 years

Q.13: حضور ﷺ کس دن سفر کرنا پسند کرتے تھے؟
A. سوموار
B. بدھ
C. **جمعرات**
D. جمعۃ المبارک

Q.14: قرآن پاک کی سب سے لمبی سورۃ کون سی ہے؟
A. **سورۃ البقرہ**
B. سورۃ آل عمران
C. سورۃ توبہ
D. سورۃ یونس

Q.15: The National Animal of Pakistan is:
A. Horse
B. Deer
C. Dolphin
D. **Markhor**

Q.16: The first chairman of senate was
A. **Habib Ullah Khan**
B. Ghulam Ishaq Khan
C. Syed Fazi Agha
D. Wasim Sajjad

Q.17: فاتح مصر کن صحابی رسول ﷺ کو کہا جاتا ہے؟
A. حضرت عمر رض
B. حضرت خالد بن ولید رض
C. **حضرت عمرو بن العاص رض**
D. حضرت زید بن حارث رض

Q.18: Reuters is the famous news agency of;
A. U.S.A
B. **Britain**
C. France
D. Russia

Q.19: بیت المقدس کل کتنے عرصے مسلمانوں کا قبلہ اول رہا؟
A. ایک سال
B. 16 سال
C. **18 ماہ**
D. 2 سال

Q.20: ابو الا نبیاکن پیغمبر کا لقب ہے ؟
A. حضرت یعقوب علیہ السلام
B. **حضرت ابراہیم علیہ السلام**
C. حضرت سلمان علیہ السلام
D. حضرت موسیٰ ء

Q.21: 1 metric ton is equal to;
A. 100 kilogram
B. 500 kilograms
C. **1000 kilograms**
D. 10000 kilo grams

Q.22: فتح مکہ کس سن ہجری میں ہوئی؟
A. 7 ہجری
B. **8ہجری**
C. 9 ہجری
D. 10 ہجری

Q.23: فتح مکہ کس سن ہجری میں ہوئی؟
A. 7 ہجری
B. **8 ہجری**
C. 9 ہجری
D. 10 ہجری

Q.24: Monometer is an instrument for measuring
A. **Gaseous Pressure**
B. The Liminous intensity of teh sources of light
C. The strength of direct current
D. The relative density of milk

Q.25: The term of office for the judges of the International Court of Justice is:
A. Three Years
B. Five Years
C. Seven Years
D. **Nine Years**

Q.26: The planet farthest from the sun is;
A. Jupiter
B. Saturn
C. Mercury
D. **Neptune**

Q.27: Bristol is a seaport of ;
A. **U.K**
B. Germany
C. Netherlands
D. Australia

Q.28: Armenia is an airline of
A. Sri Lanka
B. Iran
C. **Afghanistan**
D. Turkey

Q.29: Feminism is a
A. -
B. -
C. **belief that womens subordination to men should end**
D. None of the above

Q.30: Who was the founder of the Lodhi Dynasty (1451-1526) of India
A. Ibrahim Lodhi
B. **Bahlol Lodhi**
C. Sikandar Lodhi
D. None of these

Q.31: Which is the smallest state in area?
A. Bahrain
B. **maldives**
C. Malta
D. China

Q.32: The distance of place south or north of Equator is called ;
A. Altitude
B. Longitude
C. **Latitude**
D. Multitude

Q.33: Which part of the World is called ' The land of free people?
A. Switzerland
B. **Thailand**
C. West Indies
D. U.K

Q.34: Arboriculture is a science of
A. The raising of silk worms for the production of raw silk
B. The cultivation of flowers fruits and ormantal plants
C. **The cultivation of trees**
D. The study of insects

Q.35: Asia Watch is a :
A. **Human rights organization**
B. A big time clock in Japan's Parliament building
C. News agency of Taiwan
D. None of these

Q.36: The World famous bridge Golden GAte is located in:
A. New York
B. Sydney
C. Mexico
D. **San Francisco**

Q.37: Abdul Qasim-Al Zahrawi was greatest Mulsim
A. Philospher
B. Poet
C. **Surgeon**
D. WArrior

Q.38: What is Acrophobia?
A. **It is the fear of heights**
B. It is the fear of dogs
C. It is the fear of WAter
D. None of these

Q.39: Pakistan is separated from Tajikistan by
A. Pamir knot
B. **Wakhan**
C. Durand Line
D. Baltistan

Q.40: Taiwan was separated from the people's Republic of China in:
A. 1943
B. **1949**
C. 1952
D. 1956

Q.41: Pristina is the Capital of ;
A. Chechnya
B. East Timor
C. Bosnia
D. **Kosovo**

Q.42: OXUS River is following between ;
A. Iran and Iraq
B. **Afghanistan & Tajikistan**
C. Jordan and Istsel
D. Russia and Turkey

Q.43: The World's largest Desert in area is;
A. **Sahara**
B. Arabia
C. Gobi
D. Mogave

Q.44: Which element is called the earth maker?
A. Aluminuim
B. Calcuim
C. Potassuim
D. **Silicon**

Q.45: Dead Sea is lying between ;
A. Israel and Sudan
B. **Israel and Jordan**
C. Russia and Japan
D. Greece and Turkey

Q.46: Ranikot Fort is situated near the city of;
A. **Jamshoro**
B. Kotri
C. Larkana
D. Hyderabad

Q.47: Identify the largest sea?
A. **South China Sea**
B. Caribbean Sea
C. Arabian Sea
D. Sea of Marmara

Q.48: The length of Karakoram highway in Pakistan
A. 650 KM
B. 785 k
C. **805 km**
D. 1200 km

Q.49: Which of the following sea is located in Central Asia?
A. Red Sea
B. Baltic Sea
C. **Aral sea**
D. None of these

Q.50: The Parliament of Russia is called;
A. House of Deputies
B. Diet
C. Knesset
D. **Duma**

Q.51: Which country is below the sea level?
A. New Zealand
B. Japan
C. Ireland
D. **Netherland**

Q.52: The cause of malaria was discovered by;
A. **Ranald Ross**
B. F.C Hopkins
C. Edward Jenner
D. Dr Paul Muller

Q.53: Which country is called land of Rising Sun?
A. **Japan**
B. Norway
C. Greenland
D. Ice Land

Q.54: The first Viceroy of British India was;
A. **Lord Canning**
B. Lord Elgin
C. Lord Clive
D. Lord Myor

Q.55: The length of Pakistan's coastline is;
A. **1046 km**
B. 1130 km
C. 1263 km
D. 1305 km

Q.56: What is subway?
A. **Underground passage**
B. a road or path above ground level
C. Short passage to any place
D. None of these

Q.57: After United Nations, the largest international organization in view of membership is;
A. Organization African Union
B. European Union
C. **Organzation of Islamic Coopretaion**
D. APEC

Q.58: Which of the following space shuttles of US has recently landed on the planet of Mars?
A. Challenger
B. **Curiosity**
C. Discovery
D. Sputnik

Q.59: Which of the following Athletes won Gold Medal in 100 meter race in London Olympics 2012?
A. **Usain Bolt**
B. Johan Blake
C. Justin Gatlin
D. Dwain Chamber

Q.60: The first International Organization was
A. **League of Nations**
B. United nations
C. European Unions
D. None of these

Q.61: سورۃ مائدہ قرآن پاک کی ایک سورۃ ہے 'مائدہ کے لغوی معنی کیا ہیں؟
A. مویشی
B. **دسترخوان**
C. صلح
D. معاشرہ

Q.62: قرآن پاک کی کس سورۃ میں مستحقین زکواۃ کا ذکر آیا ہے؟
A. سورۃ البقرہ
B. سورۃ النور
C. **سورۃ توبہ**
D. سورۃ کہف

Q.63: قرآن پاک کی کس سورۃ میں مستحقین زکواۃ کا ذکر آیا ہے؟
A. سورۃ البقرہ
B. سورۃ النور
C. **سورۃ توبہ**
D. سورۃ کہف

Q.64: زکواۃ کس سن ہجری میں فرض ہوئی
A. ہجری 2
B. **ہجری 5**
C. ہجری 9
D. ان میں سے کو ئی نہیں

Q.65: واقعہ معراج کا ذکر قرآن پاک کی کس سورۃ میں آیا ہے؟
A. **سورۃ بنی اسرائیل**
B. سورۃ محمد
C. سورۃ الفرقان
D. سورۃ الطارق

Q.66: صلح حدیدبیہ کا معائدہ کس سن ہجری میں ہوا؟
A. ہجری 3
B. ہجری 5
C. **ہجری 6**
D. ہجری 7

Q.67: سب سے زیادہ احادیث کن ام المومنین سے مروی ہیں
A. حضرت صفیہ رض
B. **حضرت عائشہ ض**
C. حضرت ام حبیبہ رض
D. حضرت ام سلمہ رض

Q.68: غزوہ خندق کس سن ہجری میں ہوا؟
A. ہجری 3
B. ہجری 4
C. **ہجری 5**
D. ہجری 6

Q.69: حج کس سن ہجری میں فرض ہوا
A. ہجری 8
B. **ہجری 9**
C. ہجری 10
D. ہجری 11

Q.70: عورتوں کے پردہ کرنے کے سے متعلق احکامات قرآن پاک کی کس سورۃ میں آئے ہیں
A. **سورۃ احزاب**
B. سورۃ النساء
C. سورۃ نور
D. ان میں سے کو ئی نہیں

Q.71: The Central Muhammadan Foundation was founded in 1877 by:
A. Chaudhru Rehmat Ali
B. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
C. **Syed Ameer**
D. Mohsin-ul-Mulk

Q.72: Under which Act was the Muslim demand of Separate Electorate, first conceded by the British government?
A. The Indian Council Act 1892
B. **The Indian Councils Act 1999**
C. The Government of India Act 1919
D. The Government of India Act 1935

Q.73: The Constitution of All India Muslim League was drafted by a Committee in 1907 headed by
A. Nawab Waqar-ul-Mulk
B. Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk
C. **Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar**
D. Justice Shah din

Q.74: Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar had started publishing his famous English Newspaper "Comrade in 1911 from
A. Delhi
B. Bombay
C. **Calcuta**
D. Lahore

Q.75: Liaquat Ali Khan joined All India Muslim as member in:
A. 1916
B. 1919
C. 1921
D. **1923**

Q.76: Which of the following leaders helped Quaid-e-Azam in the preparation of his Fourteen Points in 1929
A. **Maulana Muhammad Ali johar**
B. Maulana shaukat Ali
C. Liaqat Ali Khan
D. Maulana Hasrat Mohani

Q.77: In the provincial Elections of 1937 , All India Muslim League won largest number of seats in the
A. **United Provinces (UP)**
B. Sindh Province
C. Punjab Province
D. Central Provinces (CP)

Q.78: The Indian Muslims observed Day of Deliverance after the resignation of Congress ministries on
A. 12 September 1939
B. 22 September 1939
C. 12 December 1939
D. **22 December 1939**

Q.79: Pathway to Pakistan is the autobiography of
A. M.A.H Isphani
B. **Chaudhary Khaliquz Zaman**
C. A.K Fazlul Haq
D. Sir Fazl Ilahi

Q.80: Chaudhari Rehmat Ali first used the word Pakistan in his pamphlet Now or never in
A. **1933**
B. 1935
C. 1937
D. 1938

Q.81: Identify the Secretary of State of India who led the Cabinet Mission in 1946?
A. Sir Stafford Cripps
B. A.V Alexander
C. **Lord Pethick Lawrence**
D. Sir Anthony Mcdonald

Q.82: Mohtarma Fatima Jinnah joined All India Muslim League in
A. 1937
B. **1939**
C. 1938
D. 1940

Q.83: Lahore Resolution of 23rd March 1940, was seconded from Sindh province by
A. G.M Syed
B. Mekhdoom Talibul Mula
C. **Abdullah Haroon**
D. Air Shah Nawaz Bhutto

Q.84: Congress launched Quit India Movement against the British Government in
A. 1940
B. 1941
C. **1942**
D. 1943

Q.85: Gandhi -Jinnah talks were held in 1944 to discussed the C.R Formula prepared by:
A. **Raj Gopal Achariya**
B. V.P menon
C. Abu-al-kalam Azad
D. Lord Wavell

Q.86: Who presided over the Shimla Conference in 1945
A. Lord Minto
B. **Lord Wavell**
C. Lord Irwin
D. Lord Mountbatten

Q.87: In the interim government of 1946 the health Minister was
A. Abdul Rab Nishtar
B. Jag Jivan Ram
C. Asif Ali
D. **Ghazanfer Ali Khan**

Q.88: The hindus had launched Swadeshi Movement (to boycott English mode good) in the wake of
A. The Urdu Hindi controversy 1867
B. **Partition of Bengal 1905**
C. Jalianwala bagh tregedy 1919
D. All of the above

Q.89: The Pirpur Report on the brutalities of the Congress ministries 1937 -39 was compiled by
A. A.K Fazlul Haq
B. **Raja Muhammad Mehdi**
C. Nawab Salim Ullah Khan
D. M. Sharif

Q.90: The British Parliament passed Indian Independence Act on:
A. 3 June 1947
B. 14 June 1947
C. **14 July 1947**
D. 24 JUly 1947

Q.91: Quiad-e-Azam met M.K Gandhi for the first time in 1916 at;
A. Delhi
B. Bombay
C. Calcuta
D. **Lucknow**

Q.92: Identify the Viceroy who made August Offer in 1940
A. **Lord Linlightgow**
B. Lord Wavell
C. Lord Ripon
D. Lord Mountbatten

Q.93: Who administered the oath of office to Liaquat Ali Khan as the first Prime Minister of Pakistan?
A. **Quaid-e-Azam Muahmmad Ali Jinnah**
B. Justice Mian Abdul Rashid
C. Lord mountbattan
D. Moulvi Tamizuddine

Q.94: Quiad-e-Azam Jinnah The Story of a Nation is a biography of Quiad-e-Azam written by
A. Hector Bolitho
B. Matibul Hasan Syed
C. K.K Aziz
D. **G. Allana**

Q.95: Which of the following districts of Balochistan contains deposits of copper
A. Loralai
B. Sibbi
C. Khuzdar
D. **Chaghi**

Q.96: The only national Election held on non party basis were in ;
A. 1977
B. **1985**
C. 1988
D. 1990

Q.97: Rawal Dam was built in 1962 on river
A. Soan
B. Haro
C. **Kurang**
D. Jhelum

Q.98: Pakistan become a member of International Labour Organization (ILO)
A. **1947**
B. 1949
C. 1951
D. 1961

Q.99: The first water Accord was signed among provinces in
A. 1988
B. **1991**
C. 1994
D. 1996

Q.100: Cawnpur Mosque tragedy had taken place in:
A. 1909
B. 1910
C. **1913**
D. 1915

Assistant Registrar
(Answer Key)

1. **A**	2. **A**	3. **B**	4. **A**	5. **B**	6. **C**	7. **B**	8. **B**	9. **C**	10. **C**
11. **A**	12. **A**	13. **C**	14. **A**	15. **D**	16. **A**	17. **C**	18. **B**	19. **C**	20. **B**
21. **C**	22. **B**	23. **B**	24. **A**	25. **D**	26. **D**	27. **A**	28. **C**	29. **C**	30. **B**
31. **B**	32. **C**	33. **B**	34. **C**	35. **A**	36. **D**	37. **C**	38. **A**	39. **B**	40. **B**
41. **D**	42. **B**	43. **A**	44. **D**	45. **B**	46. **A**	47. **A**	48. **C**	49. **C**	50. **D**
51. **D**	52. **A**	53. **A**	54. **A**	55. **A**	56. **A**	57. **C**	58. **B**	59. **A**	60. **A**
61. **B**	62. **C**	63. **C**	64. **B**	65. **A**	66. **C**	67. **B**	68. **C**	69. **B**	70. **A**
71. **C**	72. **B**	73. **C**	74. **C**	75. **D**	76. **A**	77. **A**	78. **D**	79. **B**	80. **A**
81. **C**	82. **B**	83. **C**	84. **C**	85. **A**	86. **B**	87. **D**	88. **B**	89. **B**	90. **C**
91. **D**	92. **A**	93. **A**	94. **D**	95. **D**	96. **B**	97. **C**	98. **A**	99. **B**	100. **C**