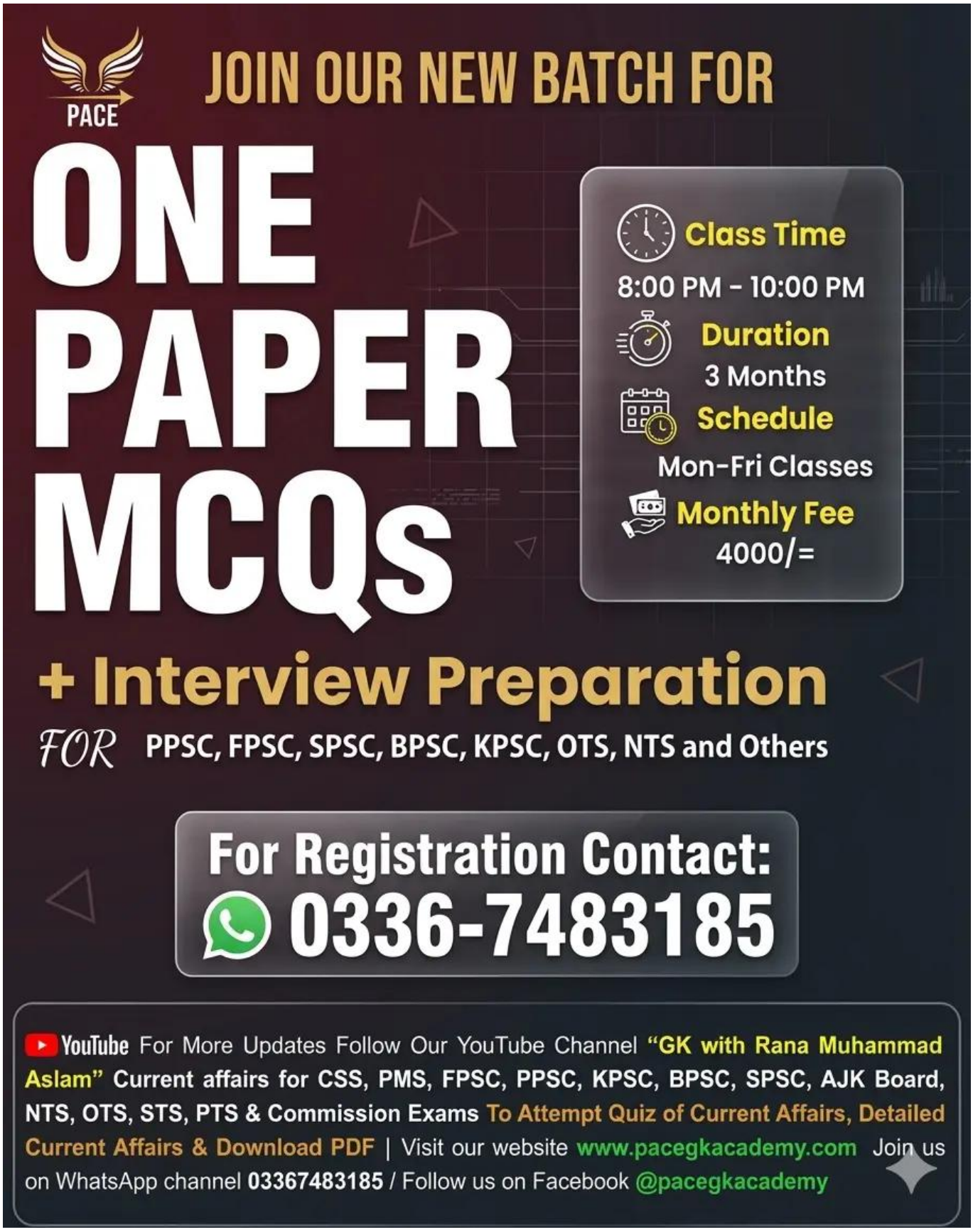
District Zakat Officer

(Zakat and Ushr)



District Zakat Officer

Q.1: One goat is for Zakat on every:
A.) 30 goats
B. **50 goats**
C. 40 goat
D. 55 goats

Q.2: which is the least conductor of electricity among the following?
A. Silver
B. Iron
C. copper
D. **wood**

Q.3: Ushr is levied on the agricultural production,artificially irrigated at the rate of
A. One tenth
B. **One twentieth**
C. One fifth
D. None of these

Q.4: Which vitamin cannot be stored in the human body?
A. Vitamin A
B. **Vitamin c**
C. Vitamin D
D. Vitamin E

Q.5: Which of the following can be given Zakat:
A. travellers
B. people in debt
C. slaves
D. **all of these**

Q.6: Jaundice is the disease of :
A. **Liver**
B. Spleen
C. Kidney
D. Lungs

Q.7: . What assets are exempted from according to Zakat & Ushr Ordinance:
A. **Sheep grazing fed free in pastures**
B. Fruits
C. Vegetables
D. All of these

Q.8: Nuclear Energy is Obtained from:
A. Plutonium
B. Silicon
C. Thorium
D. **Uranium**

Q.9: In clause (xxix) of Section 2 of Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 "Taluqa Committee" means:
A. A committee at Patwar Circle Level constituted under Section 17
B. A committee at Thanla Level constituted under Section 17
C. A committee at Village Level constituted under Section 17
D. **A committee at Tehsil Level constituted under Section 17**

Q.10: After Pashtun, Which is the second largest ethnic group in Afghanistan:
A. Baloch
B. Uzbek
C. Hazara
D. **Tajik**

Q.11: "Zakat year" ends with the last day of
A. Shawwal
B. **Shaban**
C. Muharram
D. Rajjab

Q.12: Gobi Desert is situated mostly in :
A. South Africa
B. Russia
C. North Africa
D. **Mongolia**

Q.13: Identify the smallest state by Area "
A. **San Marino**
B. Maldives
C. Malta
D. Bahrain

Q.14: In the World,s Ten Most populous countries,Pakistan is at number:
A. **Six**
B. Seven
C. nine
D. Ten

Q.15: An individual land-owner shall be exempt from the compulsory levy of Ushr according to Section 5 of the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance 1980 of
A. **The production from his land is less than948 kilogram of wheat**
B. The production from his land is six Wasqs of Wheat
C. He/She is a defaulter of A.D.B.P
D. If the production from his land is less than 1000 kilograms of wheat, or its equivalent in value in the case of other crop liable to Ushr

Q.16: The Chairman and member of a District and Zakat Committee shall cease to hold office, if it is proved in an inquiry held by Provincial Council that the District committee:
A. Is being interrogated by the police and a case of embezzlement has been
B. **Has a majority of members who are not pious Muslims or who are engaged in political activity**
C. Cases of civil nature are pending against them
D. All of these

Q.17: The procedure relating to "Recovery of Ushr in case of Non-payment under Section 17 has been laid down in:
A. Scheme of Administration for the National Zakat Foundation, 1982
B. Ushr (Assessment and Collection) Rules,1983
C. **Zakat and Usher Rules,1980**
D. Zakat and Ushr (Amendment)Ordinance, 1980

Q.18: Administrator General of Ushr and Zakat at Federal level is appointed by:
A. The President of Pakistan
B. Chairman of Central Zakat Council
C. Ministry of Finance
D. **Ministry of Religious Affairs**

Q.19: According to Zakat and Ushr Ordinance 1980. Chief Administrator in a province shall be appointed by the Governor in consultation with the:
A. **Federal Government**
B. Provincial Zakat Council
C. Chief Secretary of a province
D. Chairman, Provincial Zakat Council

Q.20: The Zakat and Ushr Ordinance was promulgated on:
A. 21st April 1979
B. **20th June 1980**
C. 29th June 1961
D. 30th June 1982

Q.21: In section 2 of Zakat and Ushr Ordinance 1980, "Nisab" means:
A. Sheep grazing fed free in pastures
B. 613.50 grams of silver
C. **612.32 grams of silver**
D. 615.45 grams of silver

Q.22: If Ushr is not paid within time the Local Committee may adopt the first measure for recovery of Ushr demand viz
A. Immediately register a criminal case against the defaulter
B. Issue a formal notice
C. Recovery as arrears of land revenue
D. **Personal contact with the defaulter**

Q.23: What is meant by Cash Crop?
A. The crop which is sold on high price
B. **The crop which is growth only for sale**
C. The crop which is grown only for export earnings
D. none of these

Q.24: Which country is largest wool producer in the world ?
A. **Australia**
B. China
C. America
D. Pakistan

Q.25: The Baghalchur area of Dera Ghazi Khan contains mineral reserves of:
A. Rock Phosphate
B. Limestone
C. Chromite
D. **Uranium**

Q.26: Attock Fort was built by Mughal Emperor:
A. Zahir-ud-Babur
B. Nur-ud-Jehangir
C. **Jalal-ud- Akbat**
D. Shahabud-Din Shah Jehan

Q.27: In the total area of Pakistan , the share of Punjab is about :
A. 20%
B. **25%**
C. 35%
D. 42%

Q.28: The deepest known point on Earth is in the Mariana Trench in the Pacific Ocean near:
A. Australia
B. Argentina
C. Mexico
D. **philippines**

Q.29: Niagara Falls is situated on the border of :
A. Greenland and Iceland
B. England and France
C. **United States and Canada**
D. United States and Mexico

Q.30: Pakistan is situated at:
A. **Tropic of Cancer**
B. Tropic of Capricom
C. Equator
D. none of these

Q.31: Which of the following country is a Peninsula?
A. Grenland
B. Fiji
C. Australia
D. **Saudi Arabia**

Q.32: The largest Islamic country by area is:
A. Indonesia
B. Sudan
C. **Kazakhstan**
D. Algeria

Q.33: The Cultural Center of Gandhara Civilization was situated at:
A. Multan
B. Lahore
C. Thatta
D. **Taxila**

Q.34: 1 meter is equal to:
A. 2.094 feet
B. **3.281 feet**
C. 4.051 feet
D. 5.621 feet

Q.35: In 1962, which organization of the Muslim world was formed?
A. **Rabitah-i-Alma-Islami**
B. Organization of Islamic Conference
C. Mutama-i-Alma-Islami
D. Arab League

Q.36: Which of the following vitamins maintains normal clotting of Blood?
A. Vitamin A
B. Vitamin C
C. Vitmin D
D. **Vitamin K**

Q.37: Which of the following country has the longest coastline in the world?
A. Amrica
B. **Canada**
C. China
D. Russia

Q.38: "Cryptography" is a branch of science which deals with :
A. The study of crime and criminals
B. **The study of secret writings**
C. The study of fingerprints
D. none of these

Q.39: East India Company came to India for trade during the reign of the Mughal Emperor:
A. Akbar
B. Shahjehan
C. **Jahangir**
D. Aurangzeb Alamgir

Q.40: Under the continental division of the world Brazil is situated in:
A. **South Amercia**
B. North America
C. Africa
D. Europe

Q.41: When a disease occurs over a large area of eath's surface at one time ,it is called
A. Endemic disease
B. Epidemic disease
C. **Pandemic disease**
D. None of these

Q.42: Identify the world's longest river:
A. Indus
B. **Nile**
C. Mississippi
D. Tangtze

Q.43: Identify the location of the 'Takla Makan Desert'.
A. Turkmenistan
B. **Xinjiang(China)**
C. Monogolia
D. South East Arabia

Q.44: 'Das-Man-Palace is the official residence of:
A. President of Sri Lanka
B. Amir-e-Qatar
C. President of Indonesia
D. **Amir-e-Kuwait**

Q.45: Identify the old name of Iraq:
A. Abyssinia
B. Constantinople
C. **Mesopotamia**
D. None of these

Q.46: Why 'Wall Street ' is so famous?
A. Leading British newspaper offices in London
B. **Stock exchange market of New York**
C. London's world and famous shopping center
D. none of these

Q.47: Adams Peak is in:
A. Nepal
B. Tibet
C. Jordan
D. **Sri Lanka**

Q.48: Who is the founder of Scout Movement?
A. **Robert Baden Powell**
B. Lord Colon Powel
C. Maccoline
D. Nicoba Tesla

Q.49: Who put forward the theory of relativity?
A. Isaac Newton
B. **Albert Einstein**
C. John Dalton
D. Archidmedes

Q.50: Who is called 'Man of Destiny 'in European history?
A. **Napoleon**
B. Bismarck
C. Hitler
D. de Gaulle

Q.51: Who is called as 'The father of the French Revolution '?
A. Thomas Hobbes
B. **Roussseau**
C. Francis Bacon
D. Montesquieu

Q.52: The 'Statue of Liberty' was a gift to the United States on the occasion of its independence. Which country presented it?
A. Britain
B. **Canada**
C. France
D. Japan

Q.53: What is state religion of Japan?
A.)Christianity
B. Confucianism
C. Buddhism
D. **Shintoism**

Q.54: The Headquarter of International Red Cross is in:
A. New York
B. London
C. **Geneva**
D. Paris

Q.55: . Which city is the headquarters of South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation(SAARC)?
A. Islamabad
B. Delhi
C. Colombo
D. **Kathmandu**

Q.56: Who was the first Muslim ruler of Indian sub- continent?
A. Muhammad Bin Qasim
B. Mahmood Ghaznavi
C. Muhammad Ghori
D. **Qutab -ud-Din Aibak**

Q.57: Light travels from Sun to Earth in:
A. 2 minutes
B. 4 minutes
C. 6.5 minutes
D. **8.5 minutes**

Q.58: . David Petraeus' is:
A. U.S. Deputy Secretary of State
B. **U.S. Commander in Afghanistan**
C.) U.S. Defense Secretary
D. None of these

Q.59: Identify the musician who composed the National Anthem of Pakistan.
A. Nisar Bazmi
B. Khalil Ahmad
C.) Suhail Rana
D. **Abdul Karim Chagla**

Q.60: . Lake Mancher is the largest lake in Pakistan and is situated at:
A. Kaghan
B. Dadu
C. **Swat**
D. Lasbela

Q.61: Velocity of sound in air is:
A.) 250 m/s
B. **434 m/s**
C. 331 m/s
D. 561 m/s

Q.62: The light year is the distance travelled by the light in:
A. **1 year**
B. 5 year
C. 10 year
D. 15 year

Q.63: Deficiency of Vitamin C in human body leads to:
A. Eye disease
B. Teeth disease
C. Nerve disease
D. **Skin disease**

Q.64: Identify the largest tribal agency of FATA by area:
A. **South Waziristan**
B. North Waziristan
C. Orakzai
D. Bajur

Q.65: . Which of the following instruments is used for measuring earthquake magnitude?
A. **Richter scale**
B. Anemometer
C. Barometer
D. Pyrometer

Q.66: 'The Porcelain Tower of Nanjing' is among the seven wonders of the world. In which of the following countries, it is situated:
A. Japan
B. Italy
C. China
D. **Egypt**

Q.67: 'Élysée Palace' is the official residence of:
A. King of Denmark
B. German Chancellor
C. **President of France**
D. Pope of Vatican

Q.68: The red color of the blood is due to the presence of a pigment known as:
A. chlorophyll
B. insulin
C. bile
D. **haemoglobin**

Q.69: 'Mac Mohan Line' is a border between:
A. Pakistan and Afghanistan
B. India and Nepal
C. **India and China**
D. India and Sri Lanka

Q.70: To which of the following dynasties, Razia Sultana the ruler of the Indian subcontinent belonged:
A. **The Slave Dynasty**
B. The Ghouri Dynasty
C. The Tughlaq Dynasty
D. The Moghul Dynasty

Q.71: Which part of human body is more prone to damage from the Hepatitis Virus?
A. Kidneys
B. Lungs
C. Spleen
D. **Liver**

Q.72: The Caspian Sea is believed to have 16 percent of the earth's potential oil reserves.The five countries that share a border with it are
A. **Russia ,Iran,Kazakhstan,Turkmenistan ,Azerbaijan**
B. Russia ,Ubekistan ,Iran ,Azerbaijan,Turkmenistan
C. Russia ,Turkey,Iran,Azerbaijan,Kirgizstan
D. none of these

Q.73: What do you understand by the term 'Brain Drain'?
A. Mad person
B. **Migration of skilled labour**
C. Weak educational System
D. Illiteracy and ignorance

Q.74: The length of famous Khyber Pass is: (B) 53 Km 11 nd
A. 33 km
B. **53 km**
C. 73 km
D. 93 km

Q.75: Second Battle of Panipat was fought in 1556 A.D between:
A. Sher Shah Suri and Humayun
B. Ahmad Shah Abdali and Marathas
C. Zaheer ud Din Baber and Ibrahim Lodhi
D. **None of these**

Q.76: The world's largest sea is:
A. Arabia Sea
B. Caribbean Sea
C. Red Sea
D. **South China sea**

Q.77: Quaid-i-Azam resigned from National Congress as a protest against:
A. Nehru Report
B. Mopla Revolt
C. **Gandhi's Non Cooperation Movement**
D. Styagraha Movement

Q.78: The name of All India Muslim League was proposed in 1906 by:
A.) Quaid-i-Azam
B. **Nawab Saleem Ullah Khan**
C. Sir Muhammad
D. None of these

Q.79: "Nisab" in relation to gold as prescribed in the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 is:
A. 612.32 grams
B. 87.48 grams
C. **305.25 grams**
D. 100 grams

Q.80: A government owned corporation earns a net profit of rupees one billion in a particular year.. It will be liable to pay zakat amounting to:
A. Rs. 25 million
B. Rs. 2.5 million
C. **zero**
D. None of these

Q.81: . Who had been appointed as Governor of Yemen with the responsibility of collecting Zakat by the Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him)?
A. Hazrat Abdullah bin Omar
B. **Hazrat Ma'az bin Jabal**
C. Hzarat Osama bin Zaid
D. Hazrat Khalid bin Walid

Q.82: In which of the Suras (chapters) of Quran the list of the beneficiaries of zakat has been specifically given?
A. **Al-Tauba**
B.) Al-Yusuf
C. Al-Ana'm
D. Al-Khaf

Q.83: The scope for the disbursement of Zakat and Ushr is limited to:
A. **Muslim citizens of Pakistan**
B. Muslims of any nation
C. converts to Islam
D.) scope extends much beyond the above three categories

Q.84: . Zakat year means:
A. Calendar year commencing on the first day of January
B. **Hijra year commencing on the first day of Ramadhan**
C.) Financial year beginning first of July
D. Agricultural year starting first of chart

Q.85: Which forum can decide under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance 1980 as amended, the question whether declaration about exemption from zakat made under Section 3 (Sub-Section 3) is valid according to the figah declarant professes to follow:
A. Administrative General
B. Provincial Zakat Council
C. Relevant High Court
D. **Federal Shariat Court**

Q.86: Ushr shall be charged and collected on compulsory basis only from:
A. Landowner in cultivating possession
B. Tenant Cultivator
C. Self cultivating allottee
D. **Every landowner, grantee, allottee, lessee, lease holder or land holder**

Q.87: The landowner would be exempt from payment of Ushr if the produce from his land is less than:
A. **948 kilograms of wheat or its equivalent**
B. 2000 kilograms of wheat or its equivalent
C. 3000 kilograms of wheat or its equivalent
D. No exemption limit First revelation came to the Prophet

Q.88: Muhammad (Peace be upon him) in:
A. Arafat
B. **Cave in Hira**
C. Cave of Thaur
D. Ka'aba

Q.89: The number of Section / Raku in the last chapter of Quran are:
A.) Twenty one
B. Twenty seven
C. **Thirty Nine**
D. Forty one

Q.90: Zakat prescribed in respect of a buried treasure discovered from an uninhabited place during early Muslim period was:
A. Half of the total proceeds
B. One third of the total proceeds
C. One fourth of the total proceeds
D. **One fifth of the total proceeds**

Q.91: The goods meant for trading were:
A. exempt from Zakat
B. **liable to pay Zakat**
C. liability of Zakat was on the buyer
D. exempt but subject to a separate Sales Tax

Q.92: A landowner got the produce of 1800 kilograms, of millet from his land. The notified value of millet was half that of the wheat. Under Section 5 of the Zakat and Ushr?
A. **Ninety K.G of millet**
B. Forty five K.G millet's value in cash
C. Eighteen KG millet's worth in cash
D. Nothing

Q.93: . Arrears of Ushr shall be recovered by:
A. Local Zakat and Ushr Committee
B. District Zakat and Ushr Committee
C. District Zakat Officer
D. **Tehsildar of the Revenue Department**

Q.94: In Pakistan Ushr began to the collected from the:
A. **Rabi crop of 1982-83**
B. Kharif crop of 1981-82
C. Rabi crop of 1983-84
D. None of these

Q.95: The Arabic word 'Zakat has been derived from 'Zaka' which means:
A. Help
B. **Scarify**
C. Purify
D. Charity

Q.96: Zakat was made compulsory in:
A. the first year of Hijrat
B. **the second year of Hijrat**
C. the third year of Hijrat
D. fourth year of Hijrat

Q.97: How many times the world 'Zakat' occurs in the Holy Quran:
A. 10
B. 22
C. **32**
D. None of these

Q.98: Plants at night exhale:
A. oxygen
B. **carbon dioxide**
C. Nitrogen
D. Hydrogen

Q.99: On cash, gold and silver Zakat is paid at a rate of:
A. One percent
B. Two percent
C. **Two and half percent**
D. All of the above

Q.100: Sunlight is composed of:
A. three colures
B. Five colures
C. **seven colures**
D. ten colures

District Zakat Officer
(Answer Key)

1. **B**	2. **D**	3. **B**	4. **B**	5. **D**	6. **A**	7. **A**	8. **D**	9. **D**	10. **D**
11. **B**	12. **D**	13. **A**	14. **A**	15. **A**	16. **B**	17. **C**	18. **D**	19. **A**	20. **B**
21. **C**	22. **D**	23. **B**	24. **A**	25. **D**	26. **C**	27. **B**	28. **D**	29. **C**	30. **A**
31. **D**	32. **C**	33. **D**	34. **B**	35. **A**	36. **D**	37. **B**	38. **B**	39. **C**	40. **A**
41. **C**	42. **B**	43. **B**	44. **D**	45. **C**	46. **B**	47. **D**	48. **A**	49. **B**	50. **A**
51. **B**	52. **B**	53. **D**	54. **C**	55. **D**	56. **D**	57. **D**	58. **B**	59. **D**	60. **C**
61. **B**	62. **A**	63. **D**	64. **A**	65. **A**	66. **D**	67. **C**	68. **D**	69. **C**	70. **A**
71. **D**	72. **A**	73. **B**	74. **B**	75. **D**	76. **D**	77. **C**	78. **B**	79. **C**	80. **C**
81. **B**	82. **A**	83. **A**	84. **B**	85. **D**	86. **D**	87. **A**	88. **B**	89. **C**	90. **D**
91. **B**	92. **A**	93. **D**	94. **A**	95. **B**	96. **B**	97. **C**	98. **B**	99. **C**	100. **C**