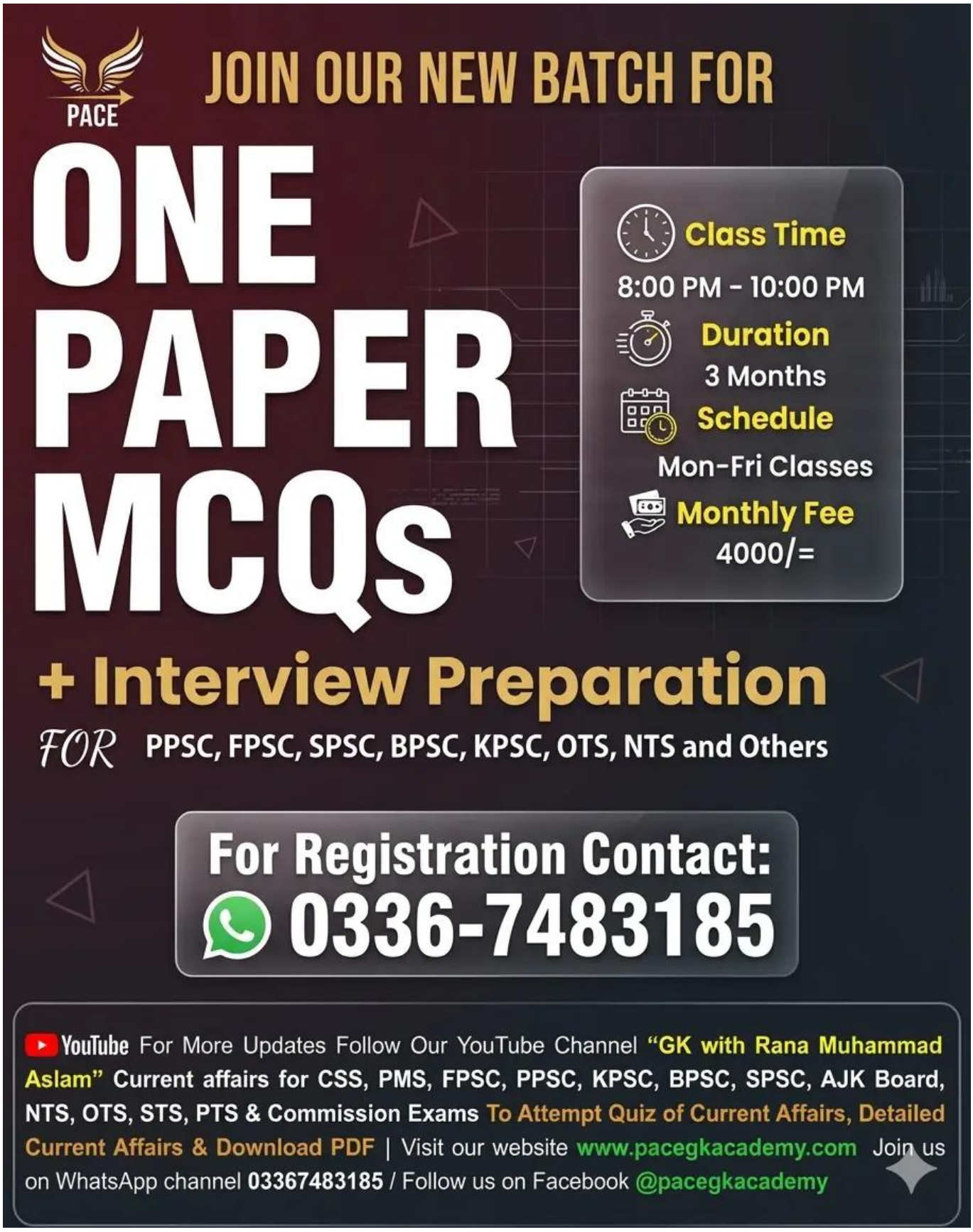
Assistant

(Punjab Police)



Assistant

Q.1: "Glock" is the brand name of a_____.
A. Perfume
B. car
C. Motoercycle
D. **Pistol**

Q.2: Name the Kalimah which is recited at a funeral.
A. **Shahadat**
B. Tamjeed
C. Tawhid
D. Tayyaba

Q.3: After Hijrat to Madina. what first important things were done by the Holy Prophet (PBUH)?
A. **Built a Mosque for prayers**
B. Built his house
C. Created Bait-ul-Maal
D. Organized an Army

Q.4: Name the third Kalimah :
A. Kalimah-e-Tayyaba
B. Kalimah-e-Saalis
C. Kalimah-e-Sahadat
D. **Kalimah-e-Tmajeed**

Q.5: Who revolted against Akber's "Deen-e-Elahi" fort the first time?
A. Hazrat Mujadid Alif Sani
B. Hazrat Shah Walliullah
C. **Khawaja Baqi Billah**
D. None of these

Q.6: What is the compulsory tax on the product of agricultural land?
A. **Ushr**
B. Zakat
C. Jizya
D. Poor tax

Q.7: کھسیا نی بلی کھمبانو چے ضرب المثل سے کیا مراد ہے؟
A. غصہ نکلناکسی کا کسی پر
B. پریشان آدمی کچھبھی کر سکتا ہے
C. **شرمندہ آدمی دوسروں پر غصہ نکالتا ہے**
D. شرمندگی میں کچھ سمجھ مین نہ آتا

Q.8: ان مین سے کون سی ضرب المثل صیحیح ہے؟
A. بڑے میاںبڑے چھوٹے میاں سبحان اللہ
B. **بڑے میاںبڑے سو بڑے میاں چھوٹے میاںسبحان اللہ**
C. چھوٹے میاں چھوٹے میاںبڑے میاں سبحان اللہ
D. چھوٹے میاںسو چھوٹے میاںبڑے میاں سبحان اللہ

Q.9: اونٹ رے اونٹ تیری کون سی کل سیدحی اس ضربالمثل سے کیا مراد ہے؟
A. **بھدے آدمی کو کہتے ہیں**
B. بے وقوف آدمی کو کہتے ہیں
C. دغا باز آدمی کو کہتے ہیں
D. جھوٹے آدمی کو کہتے ہیں

Q.10: رباعی کا سب سے بڑا اور مقبول شاعر کون ہے؟
A. فردوسی
B. **عمر خیام**
C. حافظ
D. غالب

Q.11: مرتبہ کس نوعت کی شاعری کو کہتے ہیں۔
A. مزاحیہ
B. **المیہ**
C. رزمیہ
D. تحسینی

Q.12: کس پنجابی شاعر کا کلام سکھوں کی مزہبی کتاب کا حصہ ہے؟
A. وارث شاہ
B. بلھے شاہ
C. سلطان باہو
D. **بابافرید**

Q.13: روزنامہ جنگ کے بانی کا نام کیا ہے؟
A. میر جاوید الرحمٰن
B. **میر خلیل الرحمٰن**
C. میر شکیل الرحمٰن
D. ان میں سے کوئی نہیں

Q.14: نسیم حجازی کی وجہ شہرت کیا ہے؟
A. جاسوسی ناول
B. شاعری
C. **تاریخی ناول**
D. افسانہ

Q.15: اک چادر میلی سی کس کا مشہور ناول ہے؟
A. **راجند رسنگھ بیدی**
B. منشی پریم چند
C. کرشن چندر
D. کشور ناہید

Q.16: علامہ اقبال نے ایم اے کی ڈگری کس مضمون میں حاصل کی؟
A. **فلسفہ**
B. انگریزی
C. نفسیات
D. اسلامیات

Q.17: امراؤ جان ادا کس کی تحریر ہے؟
A. سرسید
B. **ہادی رسوا**
C. رفیق احمد
D. پریم چند

Q.18: آثارالصنادید اور رسلہ اسباب بغاوت ہند کس کی کتابیں ہیں؟
A. محمد حسین آزاد
B. علامہ اقبال
C. مولاناحالی
D. **سر سید احمد خان**

Q.19: لفظ بلد کی جمع کیا ہے؟
A. بلدان
B. **بلاد**
C. بلدیہ
D. بلود

Q.20: The epic poem "Shahnama " was written by ____
A. Al-Beruni
B. **Firdausi**
C. Amir Khusrau
D. Rumi

Q.21: Babar laid the foundation of Mughal Empire in 1526 by defeating ___.
A. Daulat Khan Lodhi
B. **Ibrahim Lodhi**
C. Rana Sanga
D. Alauddin Khilji

Q.22: The court language of the Mughals in India was ____.
A. Turkish
B. Hindi
C. **Persian**
D. Urdu

Q.23: Babar came to India originally from_____
A. **Ferghana**
B. Samarkand
C. Khorasan
D. Seistan

Q.24: Humayun was removed from throne by ___
A. Akbar
B. Shah Jahan
C. **Sher Shah Suri**
D. None of these

Q.25: Battle of Plassey was fought between Nawab Siraj-ud-Daula and___
A. **Lord Clive**
B. Lord Canning
C. Warren Hastings
D. Shah Alarm

Q.26: Durand Line Treaty was signed between Sir Mortimer Durand and King ___of Afghanistan in 1893
A. Amir Amanullah
B. **Abdul Rehman**
C. Noor Muhammad
D. Ahmad Shah Abdali

Q.27: Name the Mughal Emperor whose Revenue Minister was Todar Mal.
A. **Akbar**
B. Babar
C. Shah Jahan
D. Bahadur Shah Zafar

Q.28: Who founded the 'Arya Samaj'?
A. Ambedkar
B. Raja Ram Mohan
C. **Swami Dayananda Saraswati**
D. Ram Gopal Acharya

Q.29: Bengal was divided into two provinces in 1905 by____
A. Lord Ripon
B. **Viceroy Curzon**
C. Lord Lintingthow
D. Sir James Oliver

Q.30: Chairman of the first session of the All India Muslims League was
A. **Sir Adamjee Pirbhai**
B. Sir Agha Khan
C. Nawab Saleemullah
D. Nawab VIqar-ul-Mulk

Q.31: Name the area of Kashmir where a spontaneous armed uprising took place against the Dogra tyranny , on the eve of partition
A. Rawalakot
B. Srinagar
C. **Poonch**
D. Jammu

Q.32: The Maharaja of Kashmir signed the so-called Instrument of Accession to India on ____
A. 25 October 1947
B. **26 October 1947**
C. 27 October 1947
D. 28 October 1947

Q.33: After the Assassination Liaqat Ali Khan who become the Prime Minister of Pakistan?
A. Ghulam Muhammad
B. Ms. Fatima Jinnah
C. Abdul Rab Nishter
D. **Khawaja Nazimuddin**

Q.34: The capital of Pakistan was transferred from Karachi to Islamabad on____
A. 10 December 1961
B. 12 December 1963
C. **1 August 1960**
D. 2 July 1970

Q.35: Pakistan tested its first nuclear device on ____
A. 19 May 1998
B. 11 May 1998
C. **28 May 1998**
D. None of these

Q.36: In Pakistan the Governor is answerable to the ___
A. Parliament
B. Provincial Assembly
C. **President**
D. None of these

Q.37: In which year sis the Cease Fire Line in Kashmir come into existence?
A. 1953
B. 1947
C. 1951
D. **1949**

Q.38: Manchhar is a ___
A. River
B. Regional Language
C. Canal
D. **Lake**

Q.39: Name the narrow strip of Afghan territory which separates Pakistan from Tajikistan .
A. **Wakhan Corridor**
B. Pamir Knot
C. Tora Bora Mountains
D. Khyber Pass

Q.40: 'Tango Tower' is a ____
A. A Communication Tower
B. **Mountain Peak of Pakistan**
C. Skyscraper in Chicago
D. Tallest Building in Thailand

Q.41: The author of " Kashf-ul-Mahjb " is___
A. **Data Ganj Baksh**
B. Shah Ruken-e-Alam
C. Bahauddin zikirya
D. Main Mir

Q.42: Waris shah the auther of "Heer " is buried in ___
A. Nankana Sahib
B. Pakpattan
C. **Jandiala Sher Khan**
D. Mithankol

Q.43: Which of the following is not an official language of the United Nations?
A. Chinese
B. Spanish
C. Arabic
D. **German**

Q.44: The instrument used to measure the specific gravity of milk is____
A. Hygrometer
B. Barometer
C. **Lactometer**
D. Hydrometer

Q.45: Pentagon is the Militray headquarters of ___
A. United Kingdom
B. Australia
C. **USA**
D. Belgium

Q.46: In which month dose a new session of the UN General Assembly begin?
A. January
B. July
C. February
D. **September**

Q.47: In which month dose a new session of the UN General Assembly begin?
A. January
B. July
C. February
D. **September**

Q.48: Pure gold is called ____ carat gold.
A. 18
B. **22**
C. 14
D. 24

Q.49: Which two oceans are connected by the Panama Canal?
A. Atlantic and Indian
B. Indian and Pacific
C. Indian and Arabian Sea
D. **Atlantic and Pacific**

Q.50: "Amicus Curiae" Means ____
A. American citizen
B. An amusing person
C. **Friend of the court**
D. None of these

Q.51: "Kyoto Protocol " is an international Treaty dealing with ___
A. Human Rights
B. Nuclear issues
C. Refuges
D. **Environmental problem**

Q.52: Fear of the enclosed spaces is called ___
A. Altophobia
B. **Claustrophobia**
C. Heliophobia
D. Hydrophobia

Q.53: The world's first female Prime Minister was ___
A. Ms. Margaret Thatcher
B. Ms. Golda Meir
C. Indira Ghandhi
D. **Srimavo Bandaranike**

Q.54: KANNUP (Nuclear Power Plant) was provided to Pakistan by_____
A. **Canada**
B. China
C. USA
D. France

Q.55: McMohan Line is the border between ____
A. Iran and Turkey
B. Pakistan and China
C. **China and India**
D. Afghanistan and Uzbekistan

Q.56: Which is the national animal of Pakistan ?
A. **Markhor**
B. Snow Leopard
C. Buffalo
D. Brown Bear

Q.57: Which component of diet helps in Preventing constipation ?
A. Proteins
B. **Fiber**
C. Fats
D. Carbohydrates

Q.58: Entomology is a Science of _____
A. Snakes
B. Reptiles
C. **Insects**
D. Rodents

Q.59: What is the name of present Ambassador of Pakistan to the USA?
A. Ms. Maleeha Lodhi
B. Hussain Haqqani
C. Ashraf Jahangir Qazi
D. **Jalil Abbas Jilani**

Q.60: Name the Indian Foreign Secretary who visited Pakistan recently
A. Shiv Shankar Manon
B. I.K Gujrat
C. **Subramanyam Jai Shankar**
D. V.K Menon

Q.61: Ms . Aung San Suu Kyi is a famous political leader of ___
A. Thailand
B. Vietnem
C. **Myanmar**
D. South Korea

Q.62: Who is the current President of Iran?
A. Syed Ali Khameni
B. Mahmood Ahmadinejad
C. Sadaq Vazeer Zadeh
D. **Hassan Rouhani**

Q.63: According to Article 47 of the Constitution, the President of Pakistan can be
A. Arrested
B. **Impeached**
C. Tried in the Court of law
D. None of these

Q.64: SCO stands for__
A. South Asian Cooperation Organization
B. State's Conucil Organization
C. **Shanghai Cooperation Organization**
D. Sri Lanka Cricket Office

Q.65: Which is the cheapest and most environmentally Friendly Source of electricity?
A. Solar
B. Thermal
C. **Hydro electric**
D. Nuclear

Q.66: Unser which agreement was the name of Case - fire Line of Control?
A. Geneva Agreement
B. **Simla Agreement**
C. Tashkent Agreement
D. Amritsar Accord

Q.67: A penny for your _____
A. Apples
B. Efforts
C. Writings
D. **Thoughts**

Q.68: Actions speak louder than___
A. The game
B. **Words**
C. Writings
D. Thoughts

Q.69: Bite more than you can ___
A. Eat
B. Digest
C. **Chew**
D. Swallow

Q.70: It takes two to __
A. Clap
B. Construct
C. Climb
D. **Tango**

Q.71: Let the sleeping dogs___
A. Bark
B. Die
C. Sleep
D. **Lie**

Q.72: Enigmatic
A. Illusive
B. **Puzzling**
C. Pithy
D. Complicated

Q.73: Infallible
A. **Authentic**
B. Outpoken
C. Weak
D. Perfect

Q.74: Transient
A. Permanent
B. Transparent
C. **Fleeting**
D. Brief

Q.75: Adversity
A. Opponent
B. **Hardship**
C. Opening
D. Agency

Q.76: Abbreviate
A. Abridge
B. **Expand**
C. Achieve
D. Accept

Q.77: Absurd
A. Silly
B. Adom
C. Abnormal
D. **Rational**

Q.78: Active
A. Animated
B. Adjust
C. **Passive**
D. Agile

Q.79: Sublime
A. Strange
B. **low**
C. Ridiculous
D. Mean

Q.80: Vilify
A. **Commend**
B. Admonish
C. Pray
D. Excuse

Q.81: I am intent___
A. to win
B. of wining
C. **on wining**
D. for wining

Q.82: If bi ____worked hard I would have succeeded.
A. effect
B. **affect**
C. action
D. itself

Q.83: The new law came into ___ last month.
A. **effect**
B. affect
C. action
D. have

Q.84: It become __ that he was going to sie.
A. visible
B. distinct
C. **apparent**
D. manifest

Q.85: I do not have any ___ to share my secrets.
A. confident
B. **confidant**
C. confidentail
D. confiderate

Q.86: Bile Juice" is secreted by ___
A. Pnacreas
B. Stomach
C. **Gall Bladder**
D. Kidneys

Q.87: A number whose 7 percent is 42 is ___.
A. 300
B. 400
C. 500
D. **600**

Q.88: In the examination, 45% of students failed and 550 students passed. What was the total number of students who appeared in the examination?
A. **1000**
B. 900
C. 1500
D. 800

Q.89: A pizza is divided into 12 slices. if 4 slices are eaten. what fraction of pizza is left?
A. 3/4
B. **2/3**
C. 1/3
D. 2/4

Q.90: If 3x +8=20 then what is the value of x?
A. 3
B. 2
C. **4**
D. 5

Q.91: If Y=3x +12 and Y= 5 then what is x equal to?
A. 7/3
B. 3/7
C. -7
D. **-7/3**

Q.92: GPS is the abbreviation of ____
A. Global Poles System
B. Global Polymer System
C. **Golbal Poisioining System**
D. Global Position Structure

Q.93: The camera uses ___ lens to form an image.
A. **Convex**
B. Concave
C. Condensor
D. None of these

Q.94: CNG stands for___
A. Converted Natural Gas
B. Conducted Natural Gas
C. Concentrated Natural Gas
D. **Compressed Natural Gas**

Q.95: When natural light is passed through a prism it splits into ___ colors
A. 5
B. 6
C. **7**
D. 8

Q.96: ECG is used for the diagnosis of ailments related to___.
A. Brain Tumors
B. Kidneys
C. **Heart**
D. Respiratory System

Q.97: Meteorology is the science of ___
A. Meteorites
B. Planets
C. **Weather**
D. Metals

Q.98: Jaundice affects the __- in the human body.
A. Kidneys
B. **Liver**
C. Lungs
D. Heart

Q.99: "Davis Cup" is associated with which of the following game?
A. Cricket
B. Polo
C. **Tennis**
D. Golf

Q.100: Where was the first Football World Cup held?
A. Brazil
B. Argentina
C. **Uruguay**
D. France

Assistant
(Answer Key)

1. **D**	2. **A**	3. **A**	4. **D**	5. **C**	6. **A**	7. **C**	8. **B**	9. **A**	10. **B**
11. **B**	12. **D**	13. **B**	14. **C**	15. **A**	16. **A**	17. **B**	18. **D**	19. **B**	20. **B**
21. **B**	22. **C**	23. **A**	24. **C**	25. **A**	26. **B**	27. **A**	28. **C**	29. **B**	30. **A**
31. **C**	32. **B**	33. **D**	34. **C**	35. **C**	36. **C**	37. **D**	38. **D**	39. **A**	40. **B**
41. **A**	42. **C**	43. **D**	44. **C**	45. **C**	46. **D**	47. **D**	48. **B**	49. **D**	50. **C**
51. **D**	52. **B**	53. **D**	54. **A**	55. **C**	56. **A**	57. **B**	58. **C**	59. **D**	60. **C**
61. **C**	62. **D**	63. **B**	64. **C**	65. **C**	66. **B**	67. **D**	68. **B**	69. **C**	70. **D**
71. **D**	72. **B**	73. **A**	74. **C**	75. **B**	76. **B**	77. **D**	78. **C**	79. **B**	80. **A**
81. **C**	82. **B**	83. **A**	84. **C**	85. **B**	86. **C**	87. **D**	88. **A**	89. **B**	90. **C**
91. **D**	92. **C**	93. **A**	94. **D**	95. **C**	96. **C**	97. **C**	98. **B**	99. **C**	100. **C**