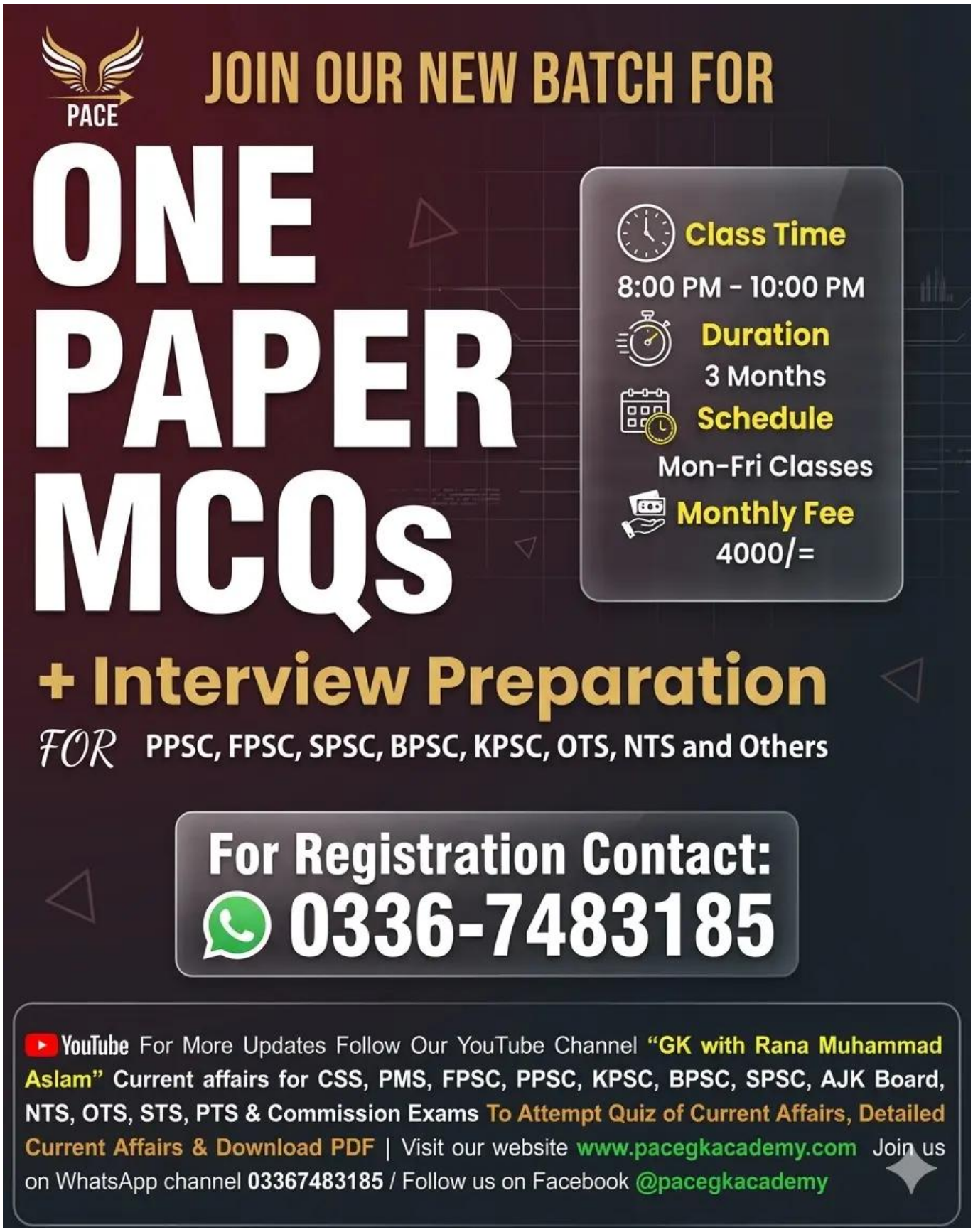
Planning Officer

(Planning and Development)



Planning Officer

Q.1: Reconcile
A. popular
B. **adjust**
C. praise
D. false

Q.2: Infringe
A. conserve
B. **violate**
C. instill
D. divert

Q.3: Which country is the largest trading partner of Pakistan?
A. UK
B. **USA**
C. Canada
D. UAE

Q.4: 'Fleet Street' London is famous for:
A. Banking and financial offices
B. Offices of the cargo companies
C. **Offices of the newspapers and press agencies**
D. Offices of the Royal Navy establishment

Q.5: India granted Pakistan Most Favored Nation Status (MFN) in Mutual trade in
A. 1992
B. 1994
C. **1996**
D. 2006

Q.6: What do you understand by the disease Insomnia?
A. **Inability to sleep**
B. Colour blindness
C. Depression
D. None of these

Q.7: The World's famous Madame Tussaud's museum is situated in:
A. Paris
B. **London**
C. Rome
D. New York

Q.8: "Dassu Dam" is being constructed in
A. Punjab
B. **Khyber Pakhtunkhwa**
C. Northern Areas
D. Balochistan

Q.9: Ornithology is the study of
A. **Birds**
B. Insects
C. Sea Animals
D. Sea Plants

Q.10: 1 metric ton is equal to
A. 100 kg
B. 500 kg
C. **1000 kg**
D. 1500 kg

Q.11: Which part of human body is most affected by Hepatitis virus?
A. **Liver**
B. Lungs
C. Spleen
D. Pancreas

Q.12: Who said "Man is a Social Animal"?
A. Plato
B. **Aristotle**
C. Hobbes
D. Karl Marx

Q.13: Who is called the 'Father of English Poetry"?
A. **Chaucer**
B. John Milton
C. Words worth
D. Keats

Q.14: The voter age in Pakistan is:
A. 16 years
B. **18 years**
C. 20 years
D. 21 years

Q.15: The Indus Valley Civilization was discovered in :
A. 1900
B. 1911
C. 1916
D. **1922**

Q.16: Taxila was a famous site of:
A. **Gandhara Art**
B. Gupta Art
C. Mayan Art
D. None of the above

Q.17: Which University first established after the creation of Pakistan?
A. **Karachi University**
B. Sindh University
C. Peshawar University
D. Quaid-i-Azam University

Q.18: The first Chief Justice of Pakistan was:
A. Justice Ourab Patel
B. Justice A.R. Kiayani
C. **Justice Abdur Rashid**
D. Justice M. Afzal

Q.19: The book "Wealth of Nations' was written by:
A. **Adam Smith**
B. Karl Marx
C. Max Muller
D. John Marshal

Q.20: 'Sales Tax' is ultimately paid by
A. Shopkeepers
B. Producers
C. **Customers**
D. Wholesalers

Q.21: Pakistan Environmental Protection Act was passed in:
A. 1995
B. **1997**
C. 1999
D. 2000

Q.22: The highest literacy rate in South Asia is in:
A. Pakistan
B. India
C. Bangladesh
D. **Sri Lanka**

Q.23: The minimum wage of workers in Punjab is:
A. Rs. 8000
B. Rs. 9000
C. **Rs. 10000**
D. Rs. 12000

Q.24: Human Rights Organization 'Amnesty International' is based in:-
A. **London**
B. Paris
C. New York
D. Rome

Q.25: The world largest producer of Natural gas
A. Iran
B. **Russia**
C. Canada
D. Qatar

Q.26: Who presented the idea of a blood bank?
A. **Charles Drew**
B. Jonas Salk
C. Edward James
D. James Monroe

Q.27: Liberty, Equality, Fraternity was the slogan during: -
A. **The French Revolution**
B. The Russian Revolution
C. The American War of Independence
D. None of these

Q.28: In the modern world, an institution of Ombudsman was first established in 1809 in:
A. England
B. France
C. Norway
D. **Sweden**

Q.29: Sachal Sarmast was Sufi Poet of
A. Punjab
B. **Sindh**
C. Balochistan
D. Azad Kashmir

Q.30: The Upper house of the parliament in Pakistan 'Senate' consists of:
A. 100 members
B. **104 members**
C. 110 members.
D. 112 members

Q.31: Inflation is:
A. a decrease in the overall price level.
B. **an increase in the overall price level**
C. an increase in the overall level of economic activity.
D. a decrease in the overall level of economic activity.

Q.32: The free market involves:
A. The free provision of products
B. The subsidizing of products by the government
C. **Market forces of supply and demand**
D. All trade via barter

Q.33: A mixed economy
A. Has cupply but not demand
B. Has demand but not supply
C. Has supply and demand"
D. **Has market forces and government intervention**

Q.34: Indicate below what is NOT a factor of production.
A. Labour
B. Capital
C. **A bank loan**
D. Land

Q.35: Two of the major factors contributing to growth are:
A. **resources and meeney**
B. money and efficiency.
C. money and luck
D. resources and a good climate.

Q.36: Privatization is the transfer of.
A. serparately awned business to individuals
B. publicly held stock to private individuals.
C. **government businesses to the private sector.**
D. privately owned businesses to the government sector

Q.37: What is called the reduction in the rate of a currency?
A. Devolution
B. **Devaluation**
C. Price cap
D. Cut-rate

Q.38: What is "Dumping
A. Sale of goods in large quantities with high quality
B. Sale of goods in large quantities with low quality
C. **Calc of goods in large quantities and of a low price**
D. Sale of goods in large quantities with high price

Q.39: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is:
A. **Value of all economic activity within a nation's border**
B. Economic output of a country
C. Economic activities of federal government
D. None of these 30. What is called a...

Q.40: What is called a country's total financial obligations to the rest of the world?
A. Total debt
B. Debt burden
C. National liabilities
D. **External debt**

Q.41: The average income of the people of a country during a year termed as:
A. National Income
B. Domestic Income
C. Protection Income
D. **Per-capita income**

Q.42: What is 'Debt retirement?
A. To write-off debt
B. To reschedule debt
C. To repay debt in easy installments
D. **The complete repayment of debt**

Q.43: Hassan Rouhani new elected president of
A. **Iran**
B. Iraq
C. Lebanon
D. Egypt

Q.44: Which country gets contract to operate Gwadar port?
A. **China**
B. Japan
C. USA
D. Germany

Q.45: The country which has largest army in the world.
A. USA
B. **China**
C. Russia
D. India

Q.46: The English poet who died in his young age:
A. Shelley
B. John Marshal
C. **John Keats**
D. William Back

Q.47: Which disease is more common in males than females?
A. Heart Diseases
B. Dementia
C. **Colour blindness**
D. Herpes

Q.48: Who discovered the Law of Gravitation?
A. **Sir Isaac Newton**
B. ouis Calico
C. Galileo
D. William Henry

Q.49: Nightingale Florence was a:
A. **Nurse**
B. Soldier
C. Religious reformer
D. None of these

Q.50: The President of USA who was killed during his office?
A. J.F. Kennedy
B. Abraham Lincoln
C. **both**
D. none of these

Q.51: According to new research which is the oldest disease
A. Influenza
B. Malaria
C. Plague
D. **Leprosy**

Q.52: In which continent there is no glacier?
A. **Africa**
B. Australia
C. Asia
D. North America

Q.53: Which is the oldest organization of the world?
A. UN
B. African Unity
C. **League of Nations**
D. Common Wealth

Q.54: Who is called "father of computer"?
A. **Charles Babbage**
B. Konard Zus
C. Merry John
D. None of these

Q.55: Where days and nights are equal all the year?
A. **Narobi**
B. New York
C. London
D. Oslo

Q.56: Lion's share of UN's budget is being spent on
A. Diseases
B. Natural disasters.
C. **Peace**
D. Poverty

Q.57: Which Muslim country has lowest per capita income?
A. **Somalia**
B. Kenya
C. Uganda
D. Afghanistan

Q.58: First country who issued currency notes in the world
A. Greece
B. **China**
C. Italy
D. Russia

Q.59: Which country's Constitution is not in a written form?
A. USA
B. Denmark
C. New Zealand
D. **United Kingdom**

Q.60: The "Statue of liberty" was gifted to United States by:
A. Britian
B. **France**
C. Germany
D. Greece

Q.61: What is Holocaust?
A. Killing of Jews during World War I
B. **Killing of Jews during World War II**
C. Killing of Germans
D. Killing period of American during war

Q.62: "War and Peace" Novel was written by:
A. **Leo Tolstoy**
B. Tito
C. Shelly
D. Shakespeare

Q.63: Gandhara civilization was situated between the rivers
A. Chenab and Jhelum
B. Ravi and Chenab
C. Jhelum and Kabul
D. **Indus and Jhelum**

Q.64: Red Sea and Mediterranean Sea are connected by
A. Basphorse strait
B. **Suez Canal**
C. Malacca strait
D. Palk strait

Q.65: Silicon valley is famous for
A. **Computers**
B. Film industry
C. Cars
D. Sugarcane

Q.66: Which is the largest (biggest) search engine of internet?
A. MSN
B. **Google**
C. Yahoo
D. None of them

Q.67: Forakha Dam on river Ganga is disputed between
A. India and Pakistan
B. India and Nepal
C. India and China
D. **India and Bangladesh**

Q.68: Which is biggest bird in the world?
A. **Ostrich**
B. Kiwi
C. Eagle
D. None of them.

Q.69: The writer of book "Khaki Shadows"?
A. S.M. Bruke
B. **K.M. Arif**
C. Aslam Baig
D. Hassan Askari

Q.70: What is meant by causeway?
A. **A raised paths**
B. Marsh soil
C. Salty ocean
D. Road on Hil

Q.71: "Night Watch" Paintings belongs to
A. Michelangelo
B. Picasso
C. Leonardo
D. **Rembrandt**

Q.72: First Muslim who won the Nobel Prize
A. **Anwar Saddat**
B. Yasir Artat
C. Sherein Ebadi
D. Yousaf Ali

Q.73: Which day is observed on 15th May every year?
A. Water day
B. Environment day
C. Postal day
D. **Families day**

Q.74: Which is the largest contributor of UNO budget?
A. **USA**
B. Japan
C. Russian
D. China

Q.75: Who was the founder of Algebra?
A. **Al-Khwarizmi**
B. Umar-Khayyam
C. Lao-Tze
D. Abu Yousaf

Q.76: Where is Golden Gate situated?
A. **San Francisco (USA)**
B. London (Britain)
C. Toronto (Canada)
D. Paris (France)

Q.77: When the stock market is down falling called:
A. Bullish
B. **Bearish**
C. Falling
D. Crashing

Q.78: Which of the following rivers crosses the Equator twice?
A. Amazon
B. **Congo**
C. Nile
D. Ganga

Q.79: The Headquarters of Asian Development Bank (ADB) is located at:
A. Paris
B. New York
C. **Manila**
D. Tokyo

Q.80: Night blindness is caused by lack of which vitamin?
A. **Vitamin A**
B. Vitamin B
C. Vitamin C
D. Vitamin D

Q.81: Taklamakan desert is located in
A. Mongolia
B. Russia
C. Kazakhstan
D. **China**

Q.82: What is the main cause of earthquakes?
A. Volcanic activities
B. Tectonic plates' movement
C. Tectonic dislocation
D. **All of the above**

Q.83: Which of the following inventions is the oldest?
A. **Clocks**
B. Microscope
C. Barometer
D. Cycle

Q.84: Who is called the Father of Modern Psychology?
A. **Sigmund Freud**
B. Ibn-e-Khaldoon
C. Adams Smith
D. Charles Darwin

Q.85: A number is increased by 10% and then decreased by 10%. The net change in the number is
A. No increase or decrease
B. 2% decrease
C. 1% increase
D. **1% decrease**

Q.86: 5 out of 2250 parts of earth is sulphur what is the percentage of sulphur in earth?
A. 11/50
B. **2/9**
C. 1/45
D. 2/45

Q.87: 20 men can construct a building in 40 days. How long will it take 10 men to do this work?
A. 50 days
B. 60 days
C. 70 days
D. **80 days**

Q.88: A man takes 50 minutes to cover a certain distance at a speed of 6km / hr. If he walks with a speed of 10km/hr. he covers the same distance in
A. 60 minutes
B. **30 minutes**
C. 20 minutes
D. 10 minutes

Q.89: Aslam bought a shirt of Rs. 500/- and sold it in Rs 525/- What profit did Aslam get?
A. Rs 35
B. Rs 30
C. **Rs 25**
D. Rs 20

Q.90: Find the average of 49,51,29
A. 90
B. 69
C. 41
D. **43**

Q.91: If the cost of 1 dozen mangoes is Rs 20 what is the cost of 3/1/2 dozen mangoes?
A. Rs 85
B. Rs 49
C. Rs 68
D. **Rs 70**

Q.92: A carton contains 10 boxes each box containing one dozen cubes, How many cartons are needed to fill 960 cubes.
A. 7
B. **8**
C. 9
D. 12

Q.93: Fill in the blanks: There is a limit _____everything in life.
A. **to**
B. on
C. in
D. with

Q.94: Let us make_____differences.
A. on
B. in
C. after
D. **up**

Q.95: He is always boasting _____his wealth.
A. with
B. for
C. upon
D. **of**

Q.96: Our neighbor died _____ over work.
A. **of**
B. in
C. for
D. with

Q.97: I was amazed _____ his misbehavior.
A. with
B. in
C. for
D. **at**

Q.98: Identify the closest meaning of the following words from Q No. 87 to 91 Obnoxious
A. **offensive**
B. gratifying
C. clear
D. lucid

Q.99: Dormant
A. active
B. vigilant
C. slow
D. **inactive**

Q.100: Foible
A. virtue
B. sports
C. trivial
D. **weakness**

Planning Officer
(Answer Key)

1. **B**	2. **B**	3. **B**	4. **C**	5. **C**	6. **A**	7. **B**	8. **B**	9. **A**	10. **C**
11. **A**	12. **B**	13. **A**	14. **B**	15. **D**	16. **A**	17. **A**	18. **C**	19. **A**	20. **C**
21. **B**	22. **D**	23. **C**	24. **A**	25. **B**	26. **A**	27. **A**	28. **D**	29. **B**	30. **B**
31. **B**	32. **C**	33. **D**	34. **C**	35. **A**	36. **C**	37. **B**	38. **C**	39. **A**	40. **D**
41. **D**	42. **D**	43. **A**	44. **A**	45. **B**	46. **C**	47. **C**	48. **A**	49. **A**	50. **C**
51. **D**	52. **A**	53. **C**	54. **A**	55. **A**	56. **C**	57. **A**	58. **B**	59. **D**	60. **B**
61. **B**	62. **A**	63. **D**	64. **B**	65. **A**	66. **B**	67. **D**	68. **A**	69. **B**	70. **A**
71. **D**	72. **A**	73. **D**	74. **A**	75. **A**	76. **A**	77. **B**	78. **B**	79. **C**	80. **A**
81. **D**	82. **D**	83. **A**	84. **A**	85. **D**	86. **B**	87. **D**	88. **B**	89. **C**	90. **D**
91. **D**	92. **B**	93. **A**	94. **D**	95. **D**	96. **A**	97. **D**	98. **A**	99. **D**	100. **D**